

Indices and Surds Solutions

1)

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{6}{\sqrt{3}} &= \frac{6}{\sqrt{3}} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} \\ &= \frac{6\sqrt{3}}{3} \\ &= 2\sqrt{3} \\ a &= 2\end{aligned}$$

2)

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{3}{\sqrt{6}} &= \frac{3}{\sqrt{6}} \frac{\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{6}} \\ &= \frac{3\sqrt{6}}{6} \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2}\end{aligned}$$

3)

$$\begin{aligned}3^{2y} - 3^{y+2} - 3^y + 9 &= 0 \\ (3^y)^2 - 3^y \times 3^2 - 3^y + 9 &= 0 \\ (3^y)^2 - 9 \times 3^y - 3^y + 9 &= 0 \\ (3^y)^2 - 10 \times 3^y + 9 &= 0\end{aligned}$$

Let $x = 3^y$

$$\begin{aligned}\Rightarrow \quad x^2 - 10x + 9 &= 0 \\ (x-1)(x-9) &= 0 \\ \begin{array}{lcl} x-1 & = & 0 \\ x & = & 1 \\ 3^y & = & 1 \\ 3^y & = & 3^0 \\ y & = & 0 \end{array} & \text{or} & \begin{array}{lcl} x-9 & = & 0 \\ x & = & 9 \\ 3^y & = & 9 \\ 3^y & = & 3^2 \\ y & = & 2 \end{array}\end{aligned}$$

4)

$$\begin{aligned}2^{2y} - 2^{y+3} - 2^{y+2} + 32 &= 0 \\ (2^y)^2 - 2^y \times 2^3 - 2^y \times 2^2 + 32 &= 0 \\ (2^y)^2 - 8 \times 2^y - 4 \times 2^y + 32 &= 0 \\ (2^y)^2 - 12 \times 2^y + 32 &= 0\end{aligned}$$

Let $x = 2^y$

$$\begin{aligned}\Rightarrow \quad x^2 - 12x + 32 &= 0 \\ (x-8)(x-4) &= 0 \\ \begin{array}{lcl} x-8 & = & 0 \\ x & = & 8 \\ 2^y & = & 8 \\ 2^y & = & 2^3 \\ y & = & 3 \end{array} & \text{or} & \begin{array}{lcl} x-4 & = & 0 \\ x & = & 4 \\ 2^y & = & 4 \\ 2^y & = & 2^2 \\ y & = & 2 \end{array}\end{aligned}$$

5)

$$2^y + \frac{16}{2^y} = 17$$

$$\times 2^y \quad (2^y)^2 + 16 = 17 \times 2^y$$

$$(2^y)^2 - 17 \times 2^y + 16 = 0$$

Let $x = 2^y$

$$x^2 - 17x + 16 = 0$$

$$(x-1)(x-16) = 0$$

$$x-1 = 0$$

or

$$x-16 = 0$$

$$x = 1$$

or

$$x = 16$$

$$2^y = 1$$

or

$$2^y = 16$$

$$2^y = 2^0$$

or

$$2^y = 2^4$$

\Rightarrow

$$y = 0$$

or

$$y = 4$$

6)

$$2x^{\frac{1}{3}} = x^{-\frac{2}{3}} = \frac{1}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

Multiply both sides by $x^{\frac{2}{3}}$

$$2x^{\frac{1}{3}}x^{\frac{2}{3}} = x^0$$

$$2x = 1$$

$$x = \frac{1}{2}$$

7)

$$12x^{\frac{1}{4}} - 27x^{-\frac{3}{4}} = x^{\frac{5}{4}}$$

$$12x^{\frac{1}{4}} - \frac{27}{x^{\frac{3}{4}}} = x^{\frac{5}{4}}$$

Multiply both sides by $x^{\frac{3}{4}}$

$$12x^{\frac{1}{4}}x^{\frac{3}{4}} - 27x^0 = x^{\frac{5}{4}}x^{\frac{3}{4}}$$

$$12x - 27 = x^2$$

$$x^2 - 12x + 27 = 0$$

$$(x-3)(x-9) = 0$$

$$x-3 = 0$$

or

$$x-9 = 0$$

$$x = 3$$

or

$$x = 9$$

8)

$$y^{\frac{1}{3}} + 12y^{\frac{1}{3}} = 7$$

$$y^{\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{12}{\frac{1}{y^3}} = 7$$

Multiply both sides by $y^{\frac{1}{3}}$

$$y^{\frac{2}{3}} + 12y^0 = 7y^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$\left(y^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)^2 - 7y^{\frac{1}{3}} + 12 = 0$$

Let $x = y^{\frac{1}{3}}$

$$x^2 - 7x + 12 = 0$$

$$(x - 4)(x - 3) = 0$$

$$x - 4 = 0$$

or

$$x - 3 = 0$$

$$x = 4$$

or

$$x = 3$$

$$y^{\frac{1}{3}} = 4$$

or

$$y^{\frac{1}{3}} = 3$$

$$y = 4^3$$

or

$$y = 3^3$$

$$y = 64$$

or

$$y = 27$$

9)

$$x^3(x^3 - 26) = 27$$

$$x^6 - 26x^3 = 27$$

$$x^6 - 26x^3 - 27 = 0$$

$$(x^3)^2 - 26x^3 - 27 = 0$$

Let $y = x^3$

$$y^2 - 26y - 27 = 0$$

$$(y - 27)(y + 1) = 0$$

$$y - 27 = 0$$

or

$$y + 1 = 0$$

$$y = 27$$

or

$$y = -1$$

$$x^3 = 27$$

or

$$x^3 = -1$$

$$x = \sqrt[3]{27}$$

or

$$x = \sqrt[3]{-1}$$

$$x = 3$$

or

$$x = -1$$

10)

$$5 + 6\sqrt{5} - \frac{10}{\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} = 5 + 6\sqrt{5} - \frac{10}{\sqrt{5}} \times \frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{(\sqrt{5})} \times \frac{(\sqrt{5})}{\sqrt{5}}$$

$$= 5 + 6\sqrt{5} - \frac{10\sqrt{5}}{5} + \frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}$$

$$= 5 + 6\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} + \frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}$$

$$5 + 6\sqrt{5} - \frac{10}{\sqrt{5}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} = 5 + \frac{21}{5}\sqrt{5}$$

