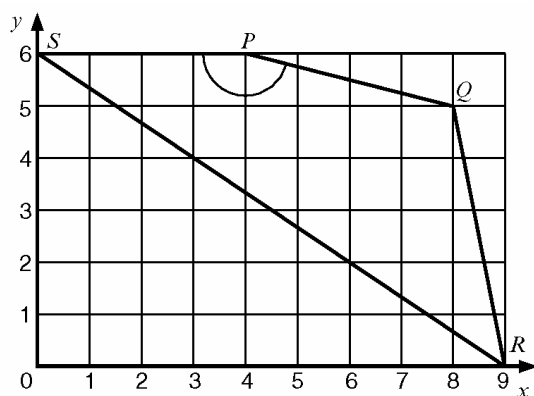


Question 1

(a) Write down the co-ordinates of the points

- i) P
- ii) R .



(b) On the co-ordinate grid above, plot the following points

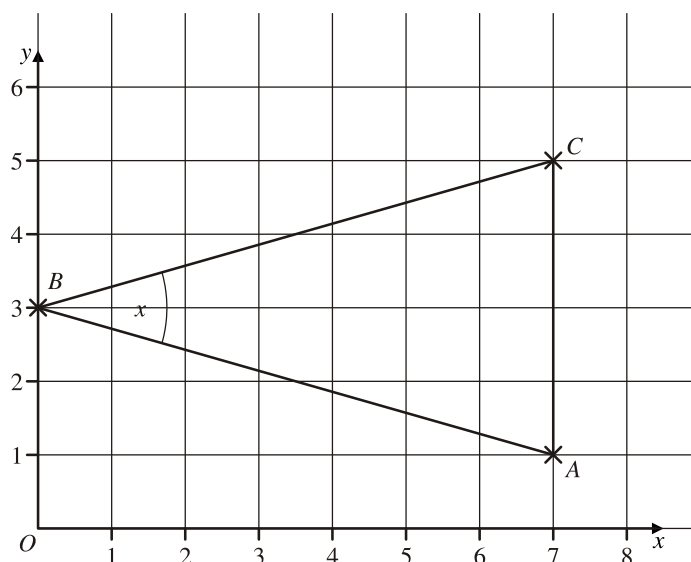
$T(1, 2)$, $V(4, 1)$

(c) Using your ruler, find the perimeter, in centimetres, of the quadrilateral PQRS.

(d) Measure and write down the size of angle P .

Question 2

The diagram shows a triangle ABC on a centimetre grid.



(a) Write down the coordinates of the point

- (i) A , (.....,)
 (ii) B . (.....,)
(2 marks)

(b) Write down the special name for triangle ABC . **(1 mark)**

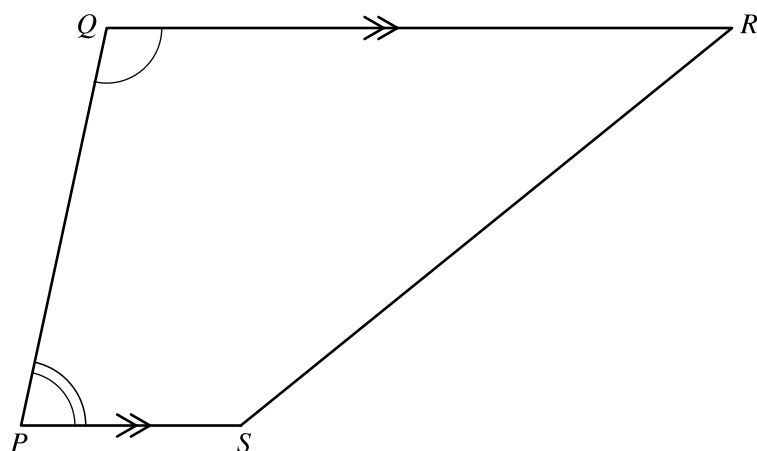
(c) Work out the area of the triangle ABC .
 cm^2
(1 mark)

(d) Measure the length of the line AB .
 Give your answer in millimetres.
 mm
(1 mark)

(e) (i) Measure the size of angle x $^\circ$
 (ii) Write down the special name that is given to this type of angle. **(2 marks)**

(f) Draw **one** line of symmetry on the triangle. **(1 mark)**

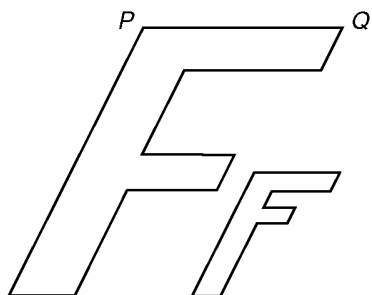
Question 3



- (a) i) Measure and write down the size of angle P .
ii) Write down the mathematical name for angle P . **(2 marks)**
- (b) i) Measure and write down the size of angle Q .
ii) Write down the mathematical name for angle Q . **(2 marks)**
- (c) Measure and write down the length of the line RS . **(1 mark)**
- (d) Mark, with an X, the point on PQ that is 2.4 cm from P . **(1 mark)**
- (e) Write down the mathematical name given to the four sided shape $PQRS$. **(1 mark)**

Question 4

PQ is a horizontal line.

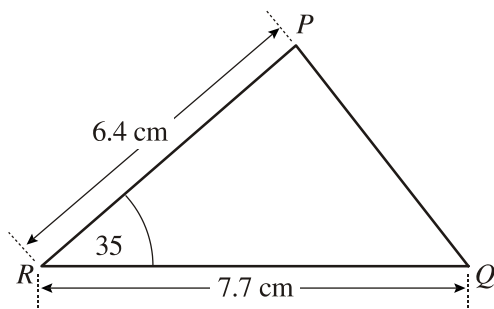


On the diagram above mark

- (a) a different horizontal line with a letter H
- (b) an acute angle with a letter A
- (c) an obtuse angle with a letter O .

Question 5

Here is a sketch of a triangle.
Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn



$PR = 6.4 \text{ cm}$
 $QR = 7.7 \text{ cm}$
Angle $R = 35^\circ$

- (a) In the space below make an accurate drawing of the triangle. **(4 marks)**
(b) Measure the size of angle Q on your accurate drawing. **(1 mark)**

Question 6

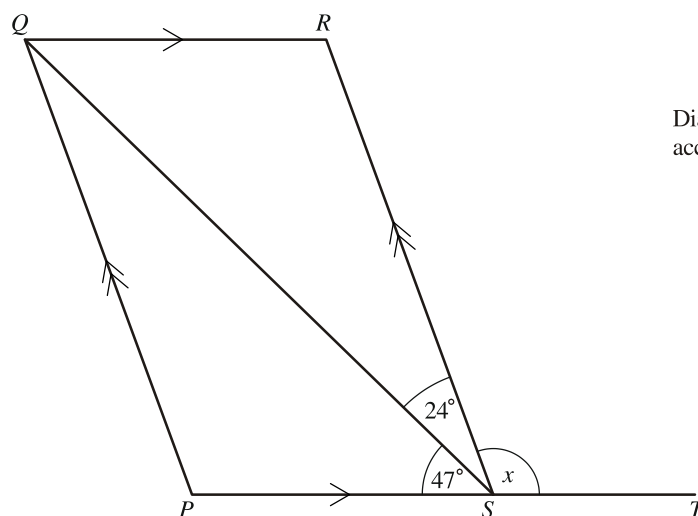


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn.

PQRS is a parallelogram.

$$\text{angle } QSP = 47^\circ$$

$$\text{angle } QSR = 24^\circ$$

PST is a straight line.

- (a) (i)** Find the size of the angle marked x .

$$x = \dots\dots\dots^\circ$$

- (ii)** Give a reason for your answer.

(2 marks)

- (b) (i)** Work out the size of angle PQS .

$$\text{Angle } PQS = \dots\dots\dots^\circ$$

- (ii)** Give a reason for your answer.

(2 marks)

Question 7

The diagram shows a regular hexagon.

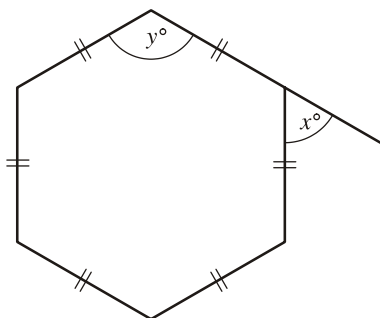


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn.

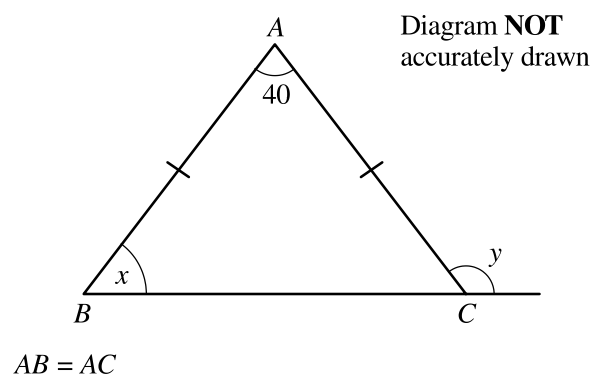
(a) Work out the value of x .

(2 marks)

(b) Work out the value of y .

(1 mark)

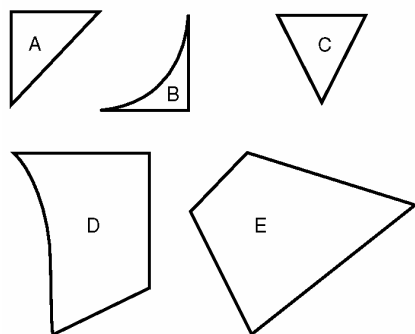
Question 8



- (a) Write down the special name that is given to this type of triangle **(1 mark)**
- (b) Work out the size of the angles marked
- i) x
- ii) y **(3 marks)**

Question 9

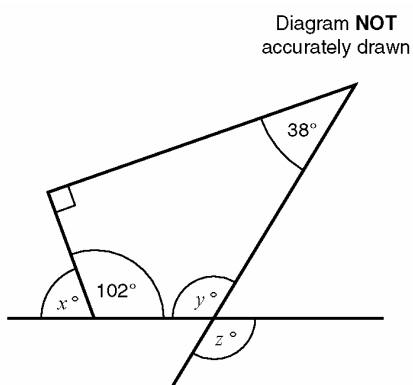
Here are five shapes.



- (a) Write down the letters of the shapes that have a right angle.
- (b) In which way are shapes B and D different from shapes A, C and E?

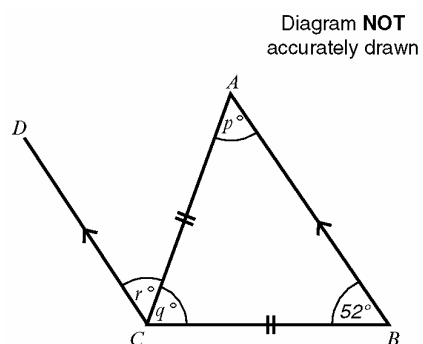
Question 10

- (a) i) Work out the value of x in the diagram below.
ii) Give a reason for your answer.



- (b) i) Work out the value of y .
ii) Give a reason for your answer.
- (c) i) Work out the value of z .
ii) Give a reason for your answer.

Question 11



$$AC = BC$$

AB is parallel to DC

$$\text{Angle } ABC = 52^\circ$$

(a) Work out the value of

i) p

ii) q

The angles marked p° and r° are equal.

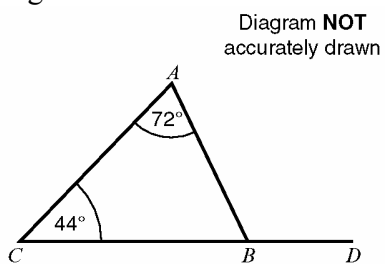
(b) What geometrical name is given to this type of equal angles?

Question 12

In the diagram below, work out the size of:

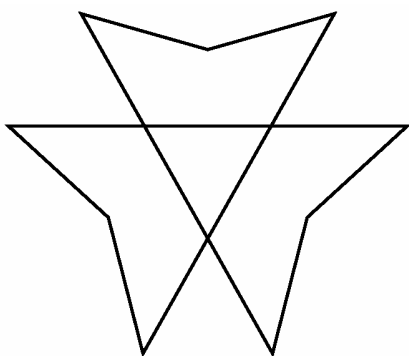
i) angle ABC

ii) angle ABD



Question 13

- (a) Write down the order of rotational symmetry of the shape.

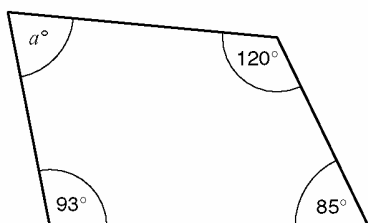


- (b) On the diagram mark and label
- i) an acute angle with a letter **A**,
 - ii) a reflex angle with a letter **B**,
 - iii) an obtuse angle with a letter **C**.

Question 14

- (a) The diagram below shows a quadrilateral

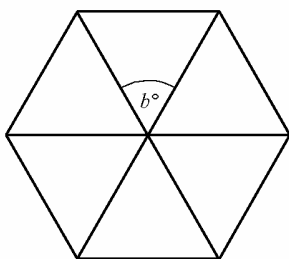
Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn



Work out the size of the angle marked a° .

- (b) The diagram shows a regular hexagon.

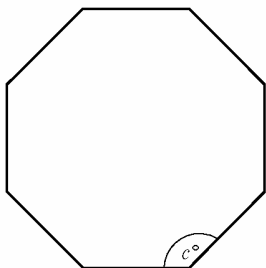
Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn



Work out the size of the angle marked b° .

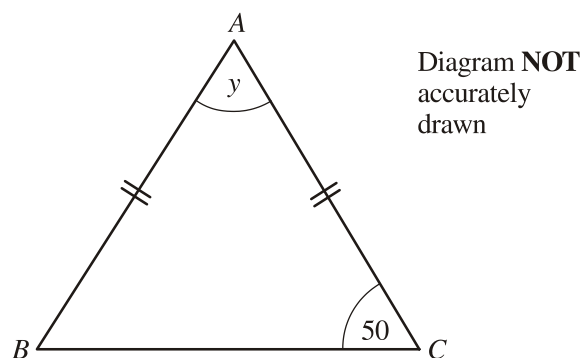
- (c) The diagram shows a regular octagon.

Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn



Work out the size of the angle marked c° .

Question 15



In triangle ABC , $AB = AC$ and angle $C = 50^\circ$.

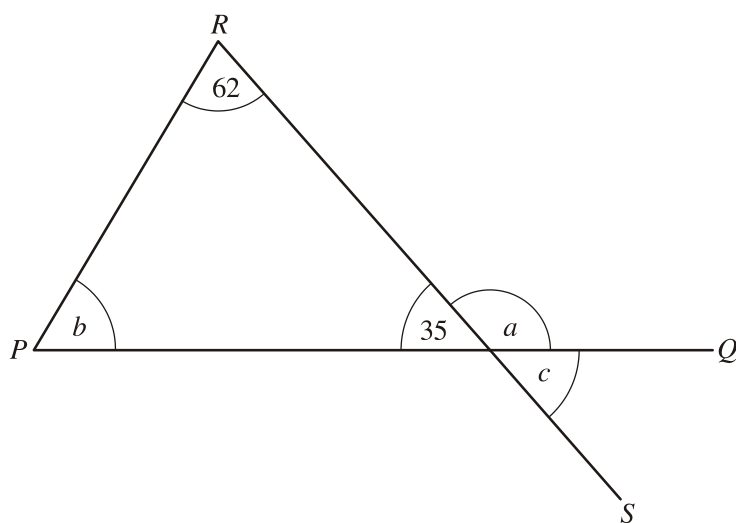
(a) Write down the special name for triangle ABC .

(1 mark)

(b) Work out the value of y .

(2 marks)

Question 16



In the diagram PQ and RS are straight lines.

- (a) i) Work out the value of a .
 ii) Give a reason for your answer.
- (b) i) Work out the value of b .
 ii) Give a reason for your answer.
- (c) i) Work out the value of c .
 ii) Give a reason for your answer.

Question 17

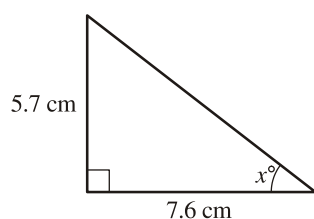


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn.

The diagram shows a sketch of a triangle.

(a) Make an accurate drawing of the triangle. **(2 marks)**

(b) (i) On your drawing, measure the size of the angle marked x° .
..... $^\circ$

(ii) Write down the special mathematical name of the angle marked x° .
(2 marks)

(c) Work out the area of the triangle.
State the units of your answer. **(3 marks)**

Question 18

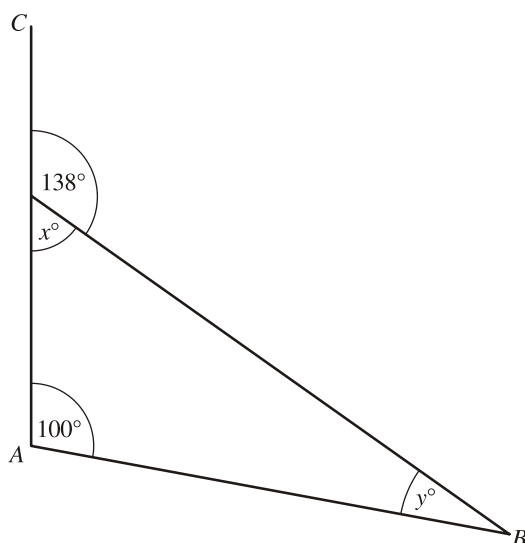


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn.

AC is a straight line.

- (a) (i) Work out the size of the angle marked x° .
(ii) Give a reason for your answer.

.....[°]
(2 marks)

- (b) (i) Work out the size of the angle marked y° .
(ii) Give a reason for your answer.

.....[°]
(2 marks)

Question 19

Here is a sketch of a triangle.

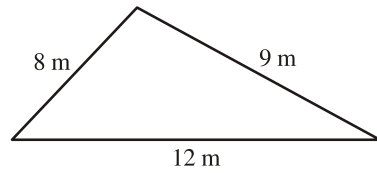


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn.

The lengths of the sides of the triangle are 8 m, 9 m and 12 m.

Use a scale of 1 cm to 2 m to make an accurate scale drawing of the triangle.

(3 marks)